

## 15<sup>th</sup> AAATE Conference **GLOBAL CHALLENGES IN ASSISTIVE TECHNOLOGY** Bologna (IT), 27-30 August 2019

## Template for the submission of Individual Contributions

Submission ID: 14916

## MEP CROWD: Improving Mobility of Users with Data and Images of High Quality

Sara Comai<sup>a</sup>, Emanuele De Bernardi<sup>a</sup>, Andrea Masciadri<sup>a</sup>, and Fabio Salice<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria, Politecnico di Milano, Via Ponzio 34/5, 20133 Milan, Italy

**Background**: Mobile and web technologies allow people to actively participate in the enrichment of maps with accessibility information consisting of reports and/or images on barriers or points of interest (e.g., Wheelmap, MEP App, mPASS, etc.): maps can display geolocalized pictures of barriers or report information about accessibility of buildings/streets, typically as non-accessible (often represented with a red icon/segment), accessible with some difficulties (yellow), accessible (green). Data collected with the help of users can improve their mobility, but one of the challenges consists in validating the crowd-sensed data, to publish only correct and accurate information.

**Method**: The proposed solution is based on a crowdsourcing engine and on a mobile application - called MEP Crowd that allows users to visualize pictures of barriers reported by other users and answer some questions created by the engine on the declared type of obstacle (e.g., the user is reporting a narrow path), its criticality level (e.g., the user declares that it is not accessible) and about the quality of the pictures; the same questions are distributed to several different users. They are invited to answer some simple questions (e.g., "Does the picture show stairs?"), with "yes", "no", "I don't know". This allows to evaluate both the reliability of the person who uploaded the report, and – by comparing the answers of the single individuals with the answers provided by other users for the same task – to evaluate also the reliability of the evaluator itself.

Users of the MEP CROWD application are engaged with mechanisms based on gamification techniques (e.g., scoring systems, achievements, badges, etc.); a notification system gives feedback to the user about his progress through an established schedule. For questions related to possible explicit content, we apply an image recognition filter that discards those deemed to be harmful a priori; to be compliant with GDPR, the app MEP Crowd is PEGI 16.

**Key results**: The approach has been applied to over 3500 reports consisting of pictures and forms filled with data about obstacles reported in a survey done with middle school students accompanied by target users, and have been evaluated by people of different age and sex. About 25% of the images and reports were considered unclear: in case of single evaluations on the same barrier, they were discarded; instead, in the cases where more than one report of the same obstacle type exists in the same area, all reports can be merged into a single report characterized by an overall evaluation, which improves the average quality; moreover, images can be ranked and only the images with highest quality are shown to the final users.

**Conclusion**: MEP Crowd is a system that exploits crowdsourcing quality control techniques in an application that is completely based on people's reports: it identifies and keeps only valid answers, ranks images; evaluates the reliability of both the users providing the reports and the MEP Crowd users themselves.

Keywords: City Accessibility, Crowdsourcing, Mobile solutions

**Tweetable abstract:** Many projects allow citizens to enrich maps with reports about accessibility issues: MEP Crowd is a mobile application based on a crowdsourcing engine that allows to evaluate and validate the quality of reports and guarantee the publication of valid data in the MEP project.

<sup>\*</sup>Corresponding author. E-mail: sara.comai@polimi.it